

Good Governance and Internal Audit in the Public Sector

Principles, Reforms and Challenges of Public Administration in times of Change, Good Governance, added value of Internal Audit

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- <u>Support for Improvement in Governance and</u> <u>Management</u>; a joint initiative of OECD and the European Union, principally financed by the EU
- Supports candidate countries and potential candidates, and neighbour (ENPI) countries
- Works in 6 different areas





SIGMA Principles of public administration

- Strategic framework of PAR
- Policy development and coordination
- Public service and human resource management
- Accountability
- Service delivery
- PFM (public procurement, budget management, PIFC and external audit)





SIGMA Principles of public administration

- Principle 8.
 - The operational framework for IA reflects international standards.
 - Its application by the budget organisations is consistent with the legislation governing public administration and PFM in general.

• Principle 9.

 Each public organisation implements IA in line with the overall internal audit policy documents, as appropriate to the organisation.





Principle 8: operational framework

- Indicator Adequacy of the operational framework for internal audit
 - Adequacy of the regulatory framework for IA
 - Organisational capacity for internal audit
 - Co-ordination, development and guidance of the internal audit system
 - Existence of a system for quality assurance for internal audit





Principle 9: implementation

- Indicator: functioning of internal audit
 - Strength of planning of internal audit in budget organisations
 - Quality of audit reports
 - Follow-up and implementation of audit recommendations (%)





Results of SIGMA 2021

assessment

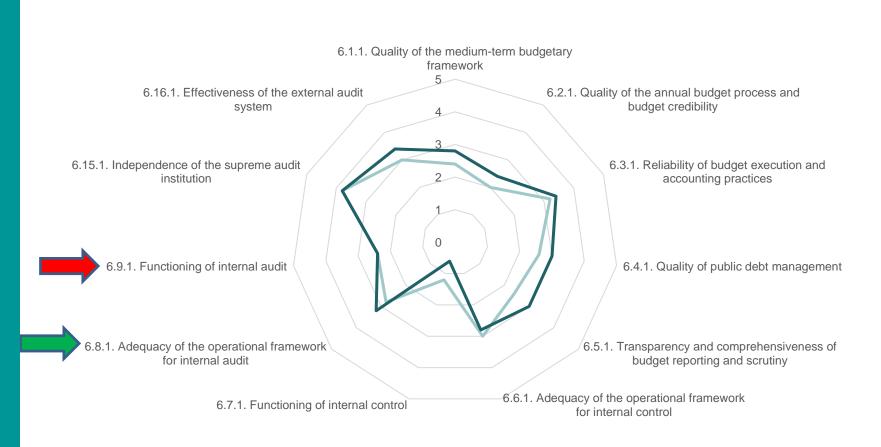
- Strengths:
 - Regulatory Framework for IA
 - CHUs established and functioning
- Weaknesses:
 - Fragmented IA
 - (challenge: capacity of IA)
 - Scope of audits (performance)
 - Quality assurance















- Key pillar of governance in any organisation.
- Essential element in the governance and assurance environment
- Valuable tool to manage risk effectively.





Role of internal audit

It involves three main elements:

- evaluation and improvement of risk management,
- control
- governance processes



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Mission of Internal audit- adding value by

- Providing independent, unbiased **assessment** of organisation operations.
- Provides management with information on effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes.
- Acts as a **catalyst for improvement** in risk management, control and governance.
- Advisory role: tells management what it needs to know, when it needs to know it.





How can IA help managers?

- Being a **partner** to management
- Ensuring decision-makers get unfiltered messages (independent, objective)
- Helping maintain organisational focus on achieving objectives
- Validating reliability + integrity of information
- Delivering opinion as to whether assets are adequately safeguarded
- Providing assurance:
 - compliance -laws, regulations, policies, contracts.
 - that decisions are properly authorised

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- Determining whether business activities are conducted efficiently, effectively, economically and ethically (the 4Es)
- Promoting activities that minimise the risk of fraud
- Monitoring high-risk programs and projects to ensure they remain on track
- Identifying business improvements and better ways of doing things
- In-house consultancy services to management





- Digitalisation
 - IA tools
 - Working in a digital environment
 - New requirements (security, integrity, etc.)
- Remote work/interpersonal relations
- New skills required
- Limited resources: could be an opportunity?
- Better ways to communicate
- Moving towards performance
- Management/citizens' demands







